WE CLAIM:

## 1. A compound of formula (I)

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wherein Im represents an imidazolyl group of the formula:

TGIIX

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$$\mathbb{R}^4$$
 or  $\mathbb{R}^3$   $\mathbb{R}^4$ 

and R<sup>1</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a g selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3-10</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phenyl, phenylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, phenylmethoxymethyl, phenoxyeth

phenylC1-3alkyl, phenylmethoxymethyl, phenoxyethyl phenoxymethyl; -co<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, -co<sub>R</sub>S<sup>5</sup>, -co<sub>R</sub>S<sup>6</sup> or -so<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup> (wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represents a hydrogen atom, a C1-6alkyl or C3-7cycloalkyl group or a phenyl or phenylC1-4alkyl group, in which the phenyl group is optionally substituted by one or more

C. C1-4alkyl, C1-4alkexy or hydroxy groups or halogen atoms, with the proviso that R5 does not represent a hydrogen atom when R1 represents a group -C02R5 or -S02R5).

one of the groups represented by  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyl, phenyl or phenyl $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group, and each of the other two 5387/4.0

groups, which may be the same or different, represents a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl group;

n represents 2 or 3;

or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

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- 2. A compound according to claim 1 in which  $R^1$  represents a  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-4}$ alkynyl,  $C_{5-6}$ cycloalkyl,
- C<sub>5-6</sub>cycloalkylmethyl, phenylC<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, phenylmethoxymethyl or N.N-diC<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarboxamido group.

- 3. A compound according to claim 1 in which  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group.
- 15 4. A compound according to claim 1 in which R<sup>1</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>5-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>5-6</sub>cycloalkylmethyl, ChenylC<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, phenylmethoxymethyl,
- C N,N-diC<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarboxamido or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulphonyl group; 20 R<sup>2</sup> represents a hydrogen atom; and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> each represent a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group.
- 5. A compound according to claim 1 in which R<sup>1</sup> represents a methyl, n-propyl, prop-2-ynyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, benzyl or N,N-dimethylcarboxamido-group; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> each represent a hydrogen atom; and R<sup>4</sup> represents a methyl group.
  - A compound according to claim 4 in which n
     represents 2.
    - 7. A compound according to claim 5 in which n represents 2.
  - 35 8. 2,3,4,5-Tetrahydro-5-methyl-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
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salt orsolvate

and physiologically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

- 9. A compound selected from:
- 2,3,4,5-Tetrahydro-5-(phenylmethyl)-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
- - 5-cyclopentyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
  - 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-[(5-methyl- $l\underline{H}$ -imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-5-propyl- $l\underline{H}$ -pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
- 5-(cyclopentylmethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
  3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-6-methyl-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-azepino[4,3-b]indol-1(2<u>H</u>)-one;
  - 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- $\underline{N}$ , $\underline{N}$ -dimethyl-2-[(5-methyl-1 $\underline{H}$ -imidazol-4-
- yl)methyl]-l-oxo-5<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-5-carboxamide; 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl-5-(2-propynyl)-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one;
- and physiologically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.
- 20 10. A compound according to claim 1 in the form of a hydrochloride, hydrobromide, sulphate, alkylsulphonate, arylsulphonate, phosphate, acetate, citrate, succinate, tartrate, fumarate or maleate salt.
- $p^{25}$  ll. The compound of claim  ${\mathbb F}$  in the form of a hydrochloride salt.
  - 12. The compound of claim in the form of a maleate salt.
  - 13. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, which process comprises:
  - 35 (A) alkylating a compound of formula (II)

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with a compound of formula (III)

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or a protected derivative thereof, wherein L represents a leaving atom or group, followed if necessary by removal of any protecting groups present; or

(B) for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) in which n is 2, hydrogenating a compound of formula (IV)

N Im

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or a protected derivative thereof, followed if necessary by removal of any protecting groups present; or

(C) cyclising a compound of formula (V)

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wherein W represents a hydrogen atom and Y represents the group NH, or W represents a halogen atom and Y represents a bond or a salt or protected derivative thereof, followed if necessary by removal of any protecting groups present; or

(D) for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) in which R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, reacting a compound of formula (VI)

or a protected derivative thereof, with formamide, followed if necessary by removal of any protecting groups present; or

20 (E) reacting a compound of formula (VII)

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where G represents a hydrogen atom, or a protected derivative thereof, with phosgene in the presence of a Lewis acid; or

where G represents a bromine or iodine atom, or a protected derivative thereof, with carbon monoxide in the presence of a palladium (II) salt; followed if necessary by removal of any protecting groups present; or

35 (F) converting a compound of general formula (I) into another compound of formula (I) using conventional 5387/4.0

techniques; or

(G) removing protecting group(s) from a protected form of a compound of formula (I);

and when the compound of formula (I) is obtained as a mixture of enantiomers, optionally resolving the mixture to obtain the desired enantiomer;

and/or where the compound of formula (I) is in the form of a free base, optionally converting the free base into a salt.

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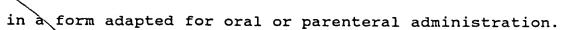
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- 14. A pharmaceutical composition for treating a condition caused by a disturbance of "neuronal" 5-HT function which comprises an effective amount to relieve said condition of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof together with at least one physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition for treating nausea and vomiting and/or for promoting gastric emptying which comprises an effective amount to relieve said nausea and vomiting or to promote said gastric emptying of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof together with at least one physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.
  - 16. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 14 in a form adapted for oral or parenteral administration.
- 30 17. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 14 wherein the active ingredient is 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-methyl-2-[(5-methyl-1<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-1<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

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18. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 5387/4.0



- 19. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 wherein the active ingredient is 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-methyl-2-[(5-methyl-l<u>H</u>-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-l<u>H</u>-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.
- 20. A method of treating a condition caused by disturbance of "neuronal" 5-HT function which comprises administering to a patient an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof to relieve said condition.
- 21. A method of treating nausea and vomiting and/or promoting gastric emptying which comprises administering to a patient an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof to relieve said nausea and vomiting and/or promote said gastric emptying.

Add B'